

SAFETY DATA SHEET Octamar (TM) BT-25

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Octamar (TM) BT-25

Product code : FS-000281
Internal code : 14024
Date of issue/ Date of revision : 2018-11-23
Date of previous issue : 2018-01-23

Version : 9
Product description : Mixture
Product type : Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Petrochemical industry: Fuel additive.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Innospec Limited

Innospec Manufacturing Park

Oil Sites Road Ellesmere Port Cheshire CH65 4EY United Kingdom

 Telephone no.:
 : +44 (0)151 355 3611

 Fax no.
 : +44 (0)151 356 2349

 e-mail address of person
 : sdsinfo@innospecinc.com

responsible for this SDS

NON-emergency enquiries : corporatecommunications@innospecinc.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for our products is provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network



The main regional centres are listed here in Section 1. Other local contact numbers for specific language support in Asia Pacific are listed in Section 16.

Country information Emergency telephone Location number

Europe (all countries, all languages): +44 (0) 1235 239 670London, UKMiddle East, Africa (Arabic, French, English): +44 (0) 1235 239 671LebanonMiddle East, Africa (French, Portuguese, English): +44 (0) 1235 239 670London UK

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Asia Pacific (all countries except China) : +65 3158 1074 Singapore

China : +86 10 5100 3039 Beijing China

South America (all countries except Brazil and Mexico) : +1 215 207 0061 Philadelphia USA

 Brazil
 : +55 11 3197 5891
 Brazil

 Mexico
 : +52 555 004 8763
 Mexico

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 h/7 days of emergency response for our product is provided by the CHEMTREC(R) Emergency Call Center based in the USA.

Country information : Emergency telephone number

USA : 800 424 9300

Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands : +1 800 424 9300 In case of difficulty using the toll-free number, or for : +1 703 527 3887

ships at sea, call See section 16.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Kin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Carc. 2, H351
STOT SE 2, H371
STOT SE 3, H336
Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : ► 319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H371 - May cause damage to organs. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains tris(methylphenyl) phosphate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®; 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended:

splash goggles. Wear protective clothing. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response : P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum),

heavy arom.]; Camphor; Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent

naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]; naphthalene

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

			Classification	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 265-198-5, [918-811-1] CAS: 64742-94-5 Index: 649-424-00-3	≥10 - ≤25	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
Camphor	REACH #: Compliant EC: 200-945-0 CAS: 76-22-2	≥10 - ≤22	Flam. Sol. 2, H228 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 2, H371	[1] [2]
Formaldehyde, polymer with nonylphenol	CAS: 9040-65-7	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1]
Polymer.	-	≥10 - ≤25	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	REACH #: 01-2119463588-24 EC: 265-198-5, [919-284-0] CAS: 64742-94-5	≥10 - ≤25	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C11-14, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics [Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light]	REACH #: 01-2119456620-43 EC: 265-149-8 [926-141-6] CAS: 64742-47-8 Index: 649-422-00-2	<10	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
naphthalene	REACH #: Compliant EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3 Index: 601-052-00-2	≤2.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

•		3		
			(M=1)	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	REACH #: Compliant	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	EC: 202-436-9		Acute Tox. 4, H332	
	CAS: 95-63-6		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
	Index: 601-043-00-3		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
			STOT SE 3, H335	
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	REACH #: Compliant	≤0.3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
	EC: 215-548-8		Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	CAS: 1330-78-5		Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility)	
			(oral)	
			STOT RE 2, H373 (nervous	
			system) (oral)	
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
			(M=10)	
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
			(M=1)	
			See Section 16 for the full text of	
			the H statements declared above.	

Additional information

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Our REACH (pre-) registrations DO NOT cover the following:

- 1. The manufacture of these products by our company outside the EU unless covered by the Only Representative provisions, and
- 2. The importation of these products into Europe by other companies. Re-importation by other companies is not covered by our (pre-) registrations Customers and other third parties importing and/or re-importing our products into Europe will need either:
- Their own (pre-) registration for substances contained in the imported product, or constituent monomers (imported above 1 tonne per year and >2% by weight) in the case of imported polymers, or
- In the case of importation only, to make use of the "Only Representative" provisions, if available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove

dentures if any. Wash out mouth with water. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a

collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Zan cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion :

☑an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.
Industrial sector specific : Not available.
solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	1
Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
√ydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1%	Supplier/Manufacturer (Europe, 2015).
Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	EU HSPA (RCP Aromatic solvents 180 - 215): 151 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Camphor	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 19 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 13 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1%	Supplier/Manufacturer (Europe, 2015).
naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	EU HSPA (RCP Aromatic solvents 180 - 215): 151 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Hydrocarbons, C11-14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	EU OEL (Europe, 2009).
cyclics, <2% aromatics [Distillates (petroleum),	Supplier's information Reciprocal Calculation Procedure (RCP):
hydrotreated light]	1200 mg/m³ 8 hours.
naphthalene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2017). Notes: list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
(personally, really areas)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	32 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
naphthalene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.57 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16171 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9512 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m³	Consumers	Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
naphthalene	PNEC	Fresh water	2.4 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.24 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.9 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	67.2 μg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	53.3 µg/kg dwt	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	PNEC	Fresh water	0.12 mg/l	-
-	PNEC	Marine	0.12 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.41 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	13.56 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	13.56 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.34 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A)

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Brownish [Dark]
Odour : Characteristic.
Odour threshold : Not available.

PH : Not available.
Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

: Not available.
: Lowest known value: 168.01°C (334.4°F) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted

boiling range

Flash point

: Closed cup: 66°C (150.8°F) [DIN EN ISO 2719]

average: 256.25°C (493.3°F)

Evaporation rate

: 600 (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light) compared with ether (anhydrous)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Burning time : Not applicable.

Burning rate : Not applicable.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 0.5% Upper: 8% (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)

Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 0.1 kPa (0.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Solvent naphtha

(petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 0.06 kPa (0.45 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

Vapour density : Highest known value: 4.6 to 5.5 (Air = 1) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy

arom.). Weighted average: 4.33 (Air = 1)

Relative density : Not available.

: 0.9444 g/cm3 [15°C (59°F)] **Density**

: Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water. Solubility(ies)

Insoluble in the following materials: methanol, diethyl ether.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : >400°C (>752°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.17 cm²/s (17 cSt) [ISO 3104 / DIN 51562]

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result type	Dose	9
Fydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>590 mg/m³	4 hours
aronn. ₁	- - -	Rabbit Rabbit Rat	LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LDLo Oral	>2 mL/kg 2000 mg/kg 5 mL/kg	- - -
Camphor	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	Rat	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg	-

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

_					
	-	Mouse	LD50 Oral	1310 mg/kg	-
Polymer.	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	>5000 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10,	-	Rat	LC50	>590 mg/m ³	4 hours
aromatics, >1%			Inhalation		
naphthalene [Solvent			Vapour		
naphtha (petroleum), heavy					
arom.]					
1	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2 mL/kg	-
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	2000 mg/kg	-
	-	Rat	LDLo Oral	5 mL/kg	_
Hydrocarbons, C11-14, n-	OECD 403 Acute Inhalation	Rat	LC50	>5000 mg/m ³	8 hours
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	Toxicity		Inhalation		
<2% aromatics [Distillates			Vapour		
(petroleum), hydrotreated					
light]					
3 1	OECD 402 Acute Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>5000 mg/kg	_
	Toxicity				
	OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity	Rat	LD50 Oral	>5000 mg/kg	_
naphthalene	-	Rat	LC50	>340 mg/m ³	1 hours
			Inhalation		
			Vapour		
	_	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg	_
	_	Rat	LD50 Oral	490 mg/kg	_
tris(methylphenyl)	_	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>10000 mg/kg	_
phosphate					
p55p.16t6	_	Rat	LD50 Oral	3 g/kg	_
				Ba	

Acute toxicity estimates (ATE)

Route	ATE value
Ø ral	2359.3 mg/kg
	52.71 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Mydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -
	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant -
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -
,	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant -
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant -
	<u> -</u>	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -

Sensitisation

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Hydrocarbons, C11-14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics [Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light]	-	Rat	Not sensitizing -

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Fydrocarbons, C11-14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics [Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light]	-	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Information on likely routes

of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Zan cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : ☑an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : I

effects

Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result
Fydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l
aronn. _j	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l
naphthalene	-	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/l Fresh water
	-	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water
	-	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l
	-	Crustaceans - Fiddler crab - Uca pugnax - Adult	3 weeks	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water
	-	Fish - Mozambique tilapia - Oreochromis mossambicus	60 days	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	-	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	Acute LC50 7.72 mg/l
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	-	Algae - Green algae - Scenedesmus pannonicus - Exponential growth phase	96 hours	Acute EC50 1300 µg/l Fresh water
	-	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l
	-	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	Acute LC50 0.26 mg/l

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	-	Fish - Threespine	96	Chronic NOEC 160 µg/l Fresh
		stickleback -	hours	water
		Gasterosteus		
		aculeatus - Egg		

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Polymer.	OECD 310 Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)	12 % - Inherent - 28 days
Hydrocarbons, C11-14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics [Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light]	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	69 % - Readily - 28 days
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	82 % - 28 days
	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	80 % - 28 days

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
⊮ydrocarbons C10,	-	-	Inherent
Aromatics, <1%			
Naphthalene, [Solvent			
naphtha (petroleum), heavy			
arom.]			
Polymer.	-	-	Inherent
Hydrocarbons, C10,	-	-	Inherent
aromatics, >1%			
naphthalene [Solvent			
naphtha (petroleum), heavy			
arom.]			
Hydrocarbons, C11-14, n-	-	-	Readily
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,			-
<2% aromatics [Distillates			
(petroleum), hydrotreated			
light]			
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	_	50%; < 28 day(s)	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Fydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	2.8 to 6.5	<100	low
Polymer. Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	<-1 -	- <100	low low
Hydrocarbons, C11-14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics [Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light]	6 to 8	-	high

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naphthalene	3.3	>100	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	4.09	275	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Coefficient (Noc)

Mobility

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Marine pollutant (Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)

SECTION 14: Transport information

	•		heavy arom.)	
44.2 Transport barand	•		,	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9			
14.4 Packing group	Ш	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Hazard identification number 90 Limited quantity 5 L Special provisions 274, 335, 601, 375	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Special provisions 274, 335, 375, 601	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F Special provisions 274, 335, 969	
14.6 Special precautions for user		1	1	ı
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code				

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2	200	500
9ii: Toxic for the environment	200	500

Black List Chemicals : Not listed
Priority List Chemicals : Not determined
Industrial emissions : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

: Not listed

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	•	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
naphthalene	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	-	-		Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) (oral)

Chemical Weapons : Not listed

Convention List Schedule I

Chemical Weapons

Chemicals

: Not listed

Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

Chemical Weapons :
Convention List Schedule III

Chemicals

: Not listed

Cileillicais

International lists

Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Canada inventory China inventory (IECSC)

EU Inventory (EINECS/

ELINCS/NLP)

: All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS)

: Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. : All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI) New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

Taiwan inventory (TCSI) United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 2, H371	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 Flammable solid.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304

H315 Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317

Causes serious eve irritation. H319

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility if swallowed.

(oral)

SECTION 16: Other information

H371 May cause damage to organs.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if

(oral) swallowed.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2, H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Flam. Sol. 2, H228 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2

Repr. 2, H361f (oral) REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) (oral) - Category 2

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE (oral) - Category 2

STOT SE 2, H371 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE - Category 2

STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Date of printing
Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 2018-11-23: 2018-11-23

Date of previous issue : 2018-01-23

Version : 9

Emergency contact numbers for local language support in Asia Pacific region

Country information	Languages supported	Telephone no.:	Location
Australia	English	+61 2 8014 4558	Australia
Bangladesh	Bengali, English	+65 3158 1200	Singapore
China	Mandarin, English	+86 10 5100 3039	Beijing China
India	Hindi, English	+65 3158 1198	Singapore
India (local toll free number)	Hindi, English	000800 100 7479	India
Indonesia (local toll free number)	Bahasa Indonesian, English	00780 3011 0293	Indonesia
Japan	Japanese, English	+81 3 4578 9341	Japan
Korea	Korean, English	+65 3158 1285	Singapore
Malaysia	Bahasa Malaysian, English	+60 3 6207 4347	Malaysia
New Zealand	English	+64 9929 1483	New Zealand
Pakistan	Urdu, English	+65 3158 1329	Singapore
Philippines	Tagalog, English	+65 3158 1203	Singapore
Sri Lanka	Sinhalese, English	+65 3158 1195	Singapore

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SECTION 16: Other information

Thailand (local toll free Thai, English 001800 1 2066 6751 Thailand

number)

Vietnam Vietnamese, English +65 3158 1255 Singapore

Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.