

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Octamar™ Complete

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Øctamar™ Complete

Product code : VF-000016
Internal code : VF-000016
Date of issue/ Date of revision : 2019-02-13
Date of previous issue : 2018-09-10

Version : 5.01
Product description : Mixture
Product type : Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Petrochemical industry: Petrochemicals. Fuel additive.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Innospec Limited

Innospec Manufacturing Park

Oil Sites Road Ellesmere Port Cheshire CH65 4EY United Kingdom

 Telephone no.:
 : +44 (0)151 355 3611

 Fax no.
 : +44 (0)151 356 2349

 e-mail address of person
 : sdsinfo@innospecinc.com

responsible for this SDS NON-emergency enquiries

: corporatecommunications@innospecinc.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Tox Info Suisse, the Swiss poisons information centre : 145 (24h)

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for our products is provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network



The main regional centres are listed here in Section 1. Other local contact numbers for specific language support in Asia Pacific are listed in Section 16.

Country information Emergency telephone Location

number

Europe (all countries, all languages) : +44 (0) 1235 239 670 London, UK

Middle East, Africa (Arabic, French, English) : +44 (0) 1235 239 671 Lebanon

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Middle East, Africa (French, Portuguese, English ): +44 (0) 1235 239 670London UKAsia Pacific (all countries except China ): +65 3158 1074SingaporeChina: +86 10 5100 3039Beijing ChinaSouth America (all countries except Brazil and Mexico ): +1 215 207 0061Philadelphia USA

 Brazil
 : +55 11 3197 5891
 Brazil

 Mexico
 : +52 555 004 8763
 Mexico

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 h/7 days of emergency response for our product is provided by the CHEMTREC(R) Emergency Call Center based in the USA.

Country information : Emergency telephone number

USA : 800 424 9300

Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands : +1 800 424 9300

In case of difficulty using the toll-free number, or for : +1 703 527 3887

ships at sea, call See section 16.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child)

STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

elements

Precautionary statements

Supplemental label

General : Not applicable.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®; 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended:

splash goggles. Wear protective clothing. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum),

heavy arom.]; ferrocene

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture : Mixture

			<u>Classification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Fydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. ]	REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 918-811-1 CAS: 1189173-42-9 [64742-94-5] Index: 649-424-00-3	≥50 - ≤75	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
Polymer.	-	≤5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
Alkylphenol / formaldehyde polymer	-	≤5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	REACH #: Compliant EC: 202-436-9 CAS: 95-63-6 Index: 601-043-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
ferrocene	REACH #: 01-2119978280-34 EC: 203-039-3 CAS: 102-54-5	≤5	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child) (oral) STOT RE 2, H373 (liver) (oral) STOT RE 2, H373 (liver) (inhalation) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1]
Camphor	REACH #: Compliant	≤3	Flam. Sol. 2, H228	[1] [2]

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

	EC: 200-945-0 CAS: 76-22-2		Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	
			STOT SE 2, H371	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	REACH #: Compliant	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
heavy arom.	EC: 265-198-5, [919-284-0]		STOT SE 3, H336	
	CAS: 64742-94-5		Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
	Index: 649-424-00-3		Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
			EUH066	
naphthalene	REACH #: Compliant	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]
	EC: 202-049-5		Carc. 2, H351	
	CAS: 91-20-3		Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	
	Index: 601-052-00-2		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
twice (see a the sharp because of a	DEACH # Commission	10.4	(M=1)	[41
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	REACH #: Compliant	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
	EC: 215-548-8 CAS: 1330-78-5		Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	CAS. 1330-76-5		Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) (oral)	
			STOT RE 2, H373 (nervous	
			system) (oral)	
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
			(M=10)	
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
			(M=1)	
			See Section 16 for the full text of	
			the H statements declared above.	

#### **Additional information**

#### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Our REACH (pre-) registrations DO NOT cover the following:

- 1. The manufacture of these products by our company outside the EU unless covered by the Only Representative provisions, and
- 2. The importation of these products into Europe by other companies. Re-importation by other companies is not covered by our (pre-) registrations Customers and other third parties importing and/or re-importing our products into Europe will need either:
- Their own (pre-) registration for substances contained in the imported product, or constituent monomers (imported above 1 tonne per year and >2% by weight) in the case of imported polymers, or
- In the case of importation only, to make use of the "Only Representative" provisions, if available

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** 

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Skin contact** 

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove dentures if any. Wash out mouth with water. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**6.2 Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage** 

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
√ydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1%	Supplier/Manufacturer (Europe, 2015).
Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	EU HSPA (RCP Aromatic solvents 180 - 215): 151 mg/m³ 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
,	TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
Camphor	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 19 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 13 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Supplier/Manufacturer (Europe, 2015).
	EU HSPA (RCP Aromatic solvents 180 - 215): 151 mg/m³ 8 hours.
naphthalene	EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017). Notes: list of indicative occupational
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

## Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
,, ,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	151 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16171 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	29.4 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9512 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	•	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
naphthalene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.57 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local

## **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	PNEC	Fresh water	0.12 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.12 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.41 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	13.56 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	13.56 mg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	2.34 mg/kg dwt	-
naphthalene	PNEC	Fresh water	2.4 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Marine	0.24 µg/l	-
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	2.9 mg/l	-
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	PNEC	Soil	53.3 µg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: splash goggles

**Skin protection** 

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A)

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid.

Colour : Amber. [Light] **Odour**  Aromatic. **Odour threshold** : Not available. рH : Not available. **Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Lowest known value: 168.01°C (334.4°F) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average: 205.63°C (402.1°F)

: Closed cup: >60°C (>140°F) [DIN EN ISO 2719] Flash point

: Highest known value: 0.05 (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.) **Evaporation rate** 

Weighted average: 0.05compared with butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. **Burning time** : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)

Vapour pressure

Vapour density

: Highest known value: 0.1 kPa (0.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 0.09 kPa (0.68 mm Hg) (at 20°C)

: Highest known value: 4.6 to 5.5 (Air = 1) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Weighted average: 5 (Air = 1)

: Not available.

**Relative density** 

: 0.92 g/cm3 [15°C (59°F)] **Density** 

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water, methanol, diethyl ether.

### Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - United Kingdom (UK)

Øctamar™ Complete

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 405°C (761°F) (Polymer. ).

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<7 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3104DIN 51562] **Viscosity** 

**Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

**10.6 Hazardous** decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result type	Dose	
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
a. c,	_	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2 mL/kg	_
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	2000 mg/kg	-
	-	Rat	LDLo Oral	5 mL/kg	-
Polymer.	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	>5000 mg/kg	-
ferrocene	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	Rat - Male, Female	LD50 Dermal	>3000 mg/kg	-
Camphor	OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	Rat Rat	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	1320 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg	-
	-	Mouse	LD50 Oral	1310 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	>590 mg/m³	4 hours
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2 mL/kg	-
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	2000 mg/kg	-
	-	Rat	LDLo Oral	5 mL/kg	-

## Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - United Kingdom (UK)

## Øctamar™ Complete

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

naphthalene	-	Rat	LC50	>340 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
			Inhalation		
			Vapour		
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg	-
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	490 mg/kg	-
tris(methylphenyl)	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>10000 mg/kg	-
phosphate					
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	3 g/kg	-

## **Acute toxicity estimates (ATE)**

Route	ATE value	
	11120.9 mg/kg 96.65 mg/l	

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Fydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -
arom. <sub>j</sub>	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant -
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -
	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant -
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant -
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant -

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
ferrocene	OECD 421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Reproductive and Developmental effects	Oral: 25 mg/kg
	OECD 421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	NOAEL	Oral: 10 mg/kg

**Information on likely routes**: Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

effects

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

•

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: May damage the unborn child.

**Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **12.1 Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result
Fydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	-	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	Acute LC50 7.72 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	Algae	72 hours	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l
naphthalene	-	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/l Fresh water
	-	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours	Acute LC50 2350 μg/l Marine water
	-	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l
	=	Crustaceans - Fiddler crab - Uca pugnax - Adult	3 weeks	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water
	-	Fish - Mozambique tilapia - Oreochromis mossambicus	60 days	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	-	Algae - Green algae - Scenedesmus pannonicus - Exponential growth phase	96 hours	Acute EC50 1300 μg/l Fresh water
	-	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l
	-	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	Acute LC50 0.26 mg/l
	-	Fish - Threespine stickleback - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Egg	96 hours	Chronic NOEC 160 µg/l Fresh water

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Polymer.	OECD 310 Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)	12 % - Inherent - 28 days
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	l ' '	82 % - 28 days
	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	80 % - 28 days

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
⊮ydrocarbons C10,	-	-	Inherent
Aromatics, <1%			
Naphthalene, [Solvent			
naphtha (petroleum), heavy			
arom.]			
Polymer.	-	-	Inherent
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	-	Inherent
heavy arom.			
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	-	50%; < 28 day(s)	Readily

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hydrocarbons C10, Aromatics, <1% Naphthalene, [Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.]	2.8 to 6.5	<100	low
Polymer.	<-1	-	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	4.09	275	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	<100	low
naphthalene	3.3	>100	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

**Mobility** : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Packaging** 

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Methods of disposal** 

- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- **Special precautions**
- : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	UN3082	LINIOOOO		
14.2 UN proper		UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron). Marine pollutant (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron).	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., dicyclopentadienyl iron)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
r c t s F F	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4. 1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4. 1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4. 1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	
<u> </u>	<u>Hazard identification</u> <u>number</u> 90	<u>Special provisions</u> 274, 335, 375, 601	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F	
-	<u>Limited quantity</u> 5 L		Special provisions 274, 335, 969	
5	Special provisions			

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - United Kingdom (UK)

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

ocorror 14. Transport information				
	274, 335, 601, 375			
14.6 Special precautions for user				
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code				

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions**: Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

**Other EU regulations** 

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

## Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 or Chronic 1	100	200
9ii: Toxic for the environment	200	500

Black List Chemicals : Not listed

Priority List Chemicals : Not determined Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
ferrocene	-	-	Repr. 1B, H360D (Unborn child) (oral)	Repr. 1B, H360F (Fertility) (oral)
naphthalene tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	- Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) (oral)

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule I** 

Chemicals

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II** 

Chemicals

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule III** 

**Chemicals** 

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

International lists

Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory

**China inventory (IECSC)** 

**EU Inventory (EINECS/** 

**ELINCS/NLP)** 

**Japan inventory (ENCS)** 

**Korea inventory (KECI)** 

**Chemicals (NZIoC)** 

**Philippines inventory** (PICCS)

**Taiwan inventory (TCSI)** 

**United States inventory** 

(TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child)	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 Flammable solid.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360FD May damage fertility if swallowed. May damage the unborn child if

(oral) swallowed.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility if swallowed.

(oral)

H371 May cause damage to organs.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if

(inhalation) inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if

(oral) swallowed.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

ACRIPATION HAZARD - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2, H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Flam. Sol. 1, H228 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1
Flam. Sol. 2, H228 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2

Repr. 1B, H360FD (oral) REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility and Unborn child)

(oral) - Category 1B

Repr. 1B, H360FD REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility and Unborn child) -

Category 1B

Repr. 2, H361f (oral) REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) (oral) - Category 2

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

**STOT SE 3, H336** 

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

(inhalation) EXPOSURE (inhalation) - Category 2

STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE (oral) - Category 2

STOT SE 2, H371 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

**EXPOSURE - Category 2** 

STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE

EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Date of printing : 2019-03-26 Date of issue/ Date of : 2019-02-13

revision

Date of previous issue : 2018-09-10

Version : 5.01

## **Emergency contact numbers for local language support in Asia Pacific region**

Country information	Languages supported	Telephone no.:	Location
Australia	English	+61 2 8014 4558	Australia
Bangladesh	Bengali, English	+65 3158 1200	Singapore
China	Mandarin, English	+86 10 5100 3039	Beijing China
India	Hindi, English	+65 3158 1198	Singapore
India ( local toll free number )	Hindi, English	000800 100 7479	India
Indonesia (local toll free number)	Bahasa Indonesian, English	00780 3011 0293	Indonesia
Japan	Japanese, English	+81 3 4578 9341	Japan
Korea	Korean, English	+65 3158 1285	Singapore
Malaysia	Bahasa Malaysian, English	+60 3 6207 4347	Malaysia
New Zealand	English	+64 9929 1483	New Zealand
Pakistan	Urdu, English	+65 3158 1329	Singapore
Philippines	Tagalog, English	+65 3158 1203	Singapore
Sri Lanka	Sinhalese, English	+65 3158 1195	Singapore
Thailand (local toll free number)	Thai, English	001800 1 2066 6751	Thailand
Vietnam	Vietnamese, English	+65 3158 1255	Singapore

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